







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Directors of Saskatchewan Prevention Institute Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Saskatchewan Prevention Institute Inc.**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at **March 31, 2022** and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Saskatchewan Prevention Institute Inc.** as at **March 31, 2022** and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of **Saskatchewan Prevention Institute Inc.** in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our independent auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Annual Report prior to the date of this independent auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this independent auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the use of the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the entity or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 15, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants

Gensen Stromberg



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

with comparative figures for 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	164,389	267,302
Short term investments (Note 4)		331,340	167,686
Accounts receivable		12,917	12,274
Prepaid expenses	_	22,265	13,284
Total current assets		530,911	460,546
Long term investments (Note 4)		1,143,877	1,277,253
Capital assets (Note 5)		41,933	62,365
	\$ <u></u>	1,716,721	1,800,164
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSI  Current liabilities:	ETS		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	123,793	104,199
Deferred income/revenue (Note 6)	φ	130,936	228,740
, ,	_		
Total current liabilities		254,729	332,939
Net assets:			
Net assets invested in tangible assets		41,933	62,365
Net assets internally restricted contingency fund		381,743	356,275
Net assets internally restricted program resource fund		227,015	192,237
Net assets internally restricted program development fund		153,891	159,426
Unrestricted net assets	_	657,410	696,922
Total net assets	_	1,461,992	1,467,225
	\$	1,716,721	1,800,164

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director

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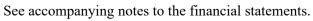


## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

## Year ended March 31, 2022

with comparative figures for 2021

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue:			
Government of Saskatchewan (Note 8)	\$	164,078	161,395
Interest income	*	33,856	34,094
Kinsmen Telemiracle Foundation (Note 8)		120,000	120,000
Program grants and activities (Note 7)		1,694,825	1,588,244
Saskatchewan Abilities Council (Note 8)		55,733	54,636
Total revenue		2,068,492	1,958,369
Operations:			
Amortization		20,432	19,580
Board and committee		275	768
Child death review		5,000	-
Communication		5,021	7,417
Evaluation of Sk Prevention Institute		26,666	17,732
Evaluation, research and website hosting (Note 3)		12,637	16,524
Legal and accounting		14,856	11,610
Office supplies (Note 3)		6,760	6,350
Professional development		10,261	4,190
Salaries and employee benefits (Note 3)		300,619	282,599
Travel, meals and accommodation		237	25
Type II diabetes		-	3,000
		402,764	369,795
Programs:			
Administration (Note 3)		193,527	192,006
Committee expenses		500	1,095
Contractual services		15,353	250
Evaluation expense		6,040	176
Legal and accounting (Note 3)		60,986	59,659
Office supplies (Note 3)		85,058	76,267
Professional development		14,761	9,198
Public communication and website (Note 3)		92,620	90,036
Resource development		104,893	79,862
Salaries and employee benefits		745,502	748,630
Training and workshop expense		349,392	267,874
Travel, meals and accommodation		2,329	<u> </u>
		1,670,961	1,525,219
Total expenses		2,073,725	1,895,014
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ <u></u>	(5,233)	63,355



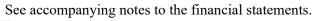


## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Year ended March 31, 2022

with comparative figures for 2021

	1	vested in angible bital assets	Internally restricted for contingency <u>fund</u>	Internally restricted for program res. fund	Internally restricted for program dev. fund	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Balance - beginning of year	\$	62,365	356,275	192,237	159,426	696,922	1,467,225	1,403,870
Excess of revenue over expenditures Amortization Transfer of funds		(20,432)	- - 25,468	- - 34,778	- - (5,535)	(5,233) 20,432 (54,711)	(5,233)	63,355
Balance - end of year	\$	41,933	381,743	227,015	153,891	657,410	1,461,992	1,467,225





## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## Year ended March 31, 2022

with comparative figures for 2021

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating activities:		
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (5,233)	63,355
Item not involving an outlay of cash: Amortization	 20,432	19,580
	15,199	82,935
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(643)	83,639
Prepaid	(8,982)	8,988
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	19,595	(21,448)
Deferred income/revenue	 <u>(97,804</u> )	(25,809)
	(87,834)	45,370
Investing activities:		
Additions to capital assets	-	(4,260)
Purchase of investments	(198,000)	(510,575)
Redemption of investments	 167,722	251,033
	 (30,278)	(263,802)
Decrease in cash during the year	(102,913)	(135,497)
Cash position, beginning of year	 267,302	402,799
Cash position, end of year	\$ 164,389	267,302



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2022

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Saskatchewan Prevention Institute (the "Institute") is a not-for-profit organization that helps the people of Saskatchewan learn to reduce the occurrence of disabling conditions in children. Formed in 1980, the Institute is incorporated under the Saskatchewan Non-Profit Corporations Act. The Institute is exempt from taxes under Section 149 (1)(1) of the Income Tax Act.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as issued by the Canadian Accounting Standards Board.

### (a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on hand and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (b) Capital assets and amortization

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulate impairment losses, if any. They are recorded as assets by allocation of a like amount of surplus and are reported as an investment in capital assets under the net assets section of the statement of financial position. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis allocated over the useful life of the assets, which are estimated to be two years for software, five years for furniture and equipment, and ten years for building improvements. The amortization charge reduces both the book value of the capital assets and the investment in capital assets at rates intended to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives.

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for grants. Grants relating to operating activities are recognized as revenue in operations in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Grants relating to program activities are recognized as revenue in programs in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Deferred program revenue for which no expenses remain to be incurred is recognized when it has been established that the remaining funds are available for the discretionary use of the Institute.

### (d) Donated services

Donated services have not been recorded in the financial statements due to the difficulty in determining their fair value. Certain ancillary services of the Institute are voluntarily provided by the community. Since these services are not normally purchased by the Institute and because of the difficulties in determining their fair value, these donated services are not recognized in these financial statements.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2022

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Financial instruments

The Institute's financial assets and liabilities consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Institute recognizes and measures its financial instruments as follows: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are initially recorded at their fair value. Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Investments are subsequently measured at cost less any reduction for impairment. Financial assets are tested for impairment at the end of each reporting period when there are indications that an asset may be impaired.

#### (f) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The inherent uncertainty involved in making such estimates and assumptions may impact the actual results reported in future periods.

### 3. RECOVERIES

Recoveries are a set percentage levied to program grants and activities. These recoveries are for such expense categories as administrative/program support, accounting and legal, office supplies, repairs and maintenance, telephone, public communications and website/internet. Administration expenses represent salaries and benefits for operations staff on program related activities. These recoveries are recorded as a reduction of the related expense categories. Operations recovered \$336,864 from program activities during the year (2021 - \$337,031).

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Salary and benefits	\$ 568.	
Recovery	(268.	
Net salary and benefits	300.	619 282,599
Office supplies	61,	390 58,715
Recovery	(54,	<u>630</u> ) <u>(52,365</u> )
Net office supplies	6.	760 6,350
Website hosting, development and maintenance	26,	852 24,627
Recovery	(14.	<u>215</u> ) <u>(8,103</u> )
Net website hosting, development and maintenance	\$ <u>12.</u>	637 16,524



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## March 31, 2022

# 4. <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

				Principal Amount	Principal Amount
	Interest rate	<b>Maturity</b>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current:					
B2B Bank GIC	1.95%	Jul. 5/21	\$	-	60,000
ICICI Bank Canada GIC	1.75%	Jul. 5/21		-	47,686
SBI Canada Bank GIC	2.00%	Jul. 5/21		-	60,000
Manulife Bank CDA GIC	2.95%	Jul. 4/22		47,000	_
B2B Bank GIC	1.10%	Jul. 8/22		65,000	-
ICICI Bank Canada GIC	0.90%	Jul. 18/22		56,575	-
SBI Canada Bank GIC	3.10%	Oct. 31/22		36,146	_
Manulife Bank CDA GIC	2.75%	Dec. 21/22		95,000	_
General Bank of CDA GIC	2.75%	Dec. 21/22	_	31,619	
			_	331,340	167,686
Non-current:					
Home Trust Co. GIC	2.95%	Jul. 4/22		-	47,000
Canada Western Trust GIC	1.10%	Jul. 8/22		-	65,000
Bank of Nova Scotia GIC	0.90%	Jul. 18/22		-	56,575
B2B Bank GIC	3.10%	Oct. 31/22		-	36,146
CDN Western Bank GIC	2.75%	Dec. 21/22		-	95,000
Canada Western Trust GIC	2.75%	Dec. 21/22		-	31,619
Home Trust Co. GIC	3.13%	Jul. 4/23		50,000	50,000
Equitable Bank GIC	3.23%	Jul. 17/23		93,914	93,914
HomeEquity Bank GIC	3.17%	Sep. 12/23		50,000	50,000
Manulife Bank CDA GIC	3.10%	Sep. 12/23		39,533	39,533
Royal Bank of Canada GIC	2.33%	Jul. 11/24		100,000	100,000
Bank of Montreal GIC	2.33%	Jul. 11/24		100,000	100,000
HomeEquity Bank GIC	2.29%	Sep. 23/24		45,125	45,125
Manulife Trust Co. GIC	2.25%	Sep. 23/24		55,000	55,000
Canadian Tire Bank GIC	2.33%	Apr. 14/25		97,500	97,500
General Bank of Canada GIC	2.17%	Apr. 14/25		97,500	97,500
PC Bank GIC	2.16%	Apr. 14/25		97,500	97,500
Versabank GIC	2.15%	Apr. 14/25		96,500	96,500
B2B Bank GIC	1.60%	Jul. 6/26		62,000	_
ICICI Bank Canada GIC	1.60%	Jul. 6/26		98,000	_
Manulife Bank CDA GIC	1.60%	Jul. 6/26		38,000	_
Accrued interest			_	23,305	23,341
			_	1,143,877	1,277,253
			\$_	1,475,217	1,444,939



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## March 31, 2022

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

			<u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u>
		Cost	Accumulated Amortization	<u>B</u>	Net ook Value	Net <u>Book Value</u>
Building improvements Furniture & equipment	\$	183,709 238,857	147,247 233,386		36,462 5,471	53,976 8,389
	\$	422,566	380,633	_	41,933	62,365
6. DEFERRED PROGRAM	REV	<u>ENUE</u>				
					<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Ministry of Health Saskatchewan Government Public Health Agency of C Saskatchewan Liquor and C Ministry of Social Services	anada Gamin			\$  \$	108,642 21,500 794 - - 130,936	125,409 18,174 187 83,850 1,120 228,740
7. PROGRAM GRANTS A	ND A	CTIVITIES				
		<u>Grant</u>	<u>Deferred</u> <u>revenue</u>		2022	2021
Program Grants:		<u>Grant</u> received		<u>Gra</u>	2022 ant revenue	2021 Grant revenue
Ministry of Health Public Health Agency of	\$	996,081	revenue adjustment	<u>Gra</u>	1,012,848	Grant revenue 924,920
Ministry of Health		received	revenue adjustment	Gra	<u>int revenue</u>	Grant revenue
Ministry of Health Public Health Agency of Canada		996,081	revenue adjustment	Gra	1,012,848	Grant revenue 924,920
Ministry of Health Public Health Agency of Canada Saskatchewan Government Insurance Saskatchewan Liquor and Gaming Authority		996,081 132,000 231,082 125,000	revenue adjustment 16,767 (607) (3,326) 77,213	Gra	1,012,848 131,393 227,756 202,213	Grant revenue 924,920 137,974 220,948 161,670
Ministry of Health Public Health Agency of Canada Saskatchewan Governmen Insurance Saskatchewan Liquor and		996,081 132,000 231,082	revenue adjustment 16,767 (607) (3,326)	Gra	1,012,848 131,393 227,756	Grant revenue 924,920 137,974 220,948
Ministry of Health Public Health Agency of Canada Saskatchewan Government Insurance Saskatchewan Liquor and Gaming Authority		996,081 132,000 231,082 125,000	revenue adjustment 16,767 (607) (3,326) 77,213	<u>Gra</u>	1,012,848 131,393 227,756 202,213	Grant revenue 924,920 137,974 220,948 161,670



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2022

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Institute receives funding from certain of its members, namely the Ministry of Health, Saskatchewan Abilities Council, and Kinsmen Telemiracle Foundation. The amount received from each of these members is detailed on the Statement of Income and in Note 6, and these transactions are measured at carrying amounts.

### 9. LEASE COMMITMENTS

On December 18, 2012, the Institute entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Saskatoon Regional Health Authority for the use of office space within the Kinsmen Children's Centre. This memorandum of understanding has no fixed expiry date. Occupancy costs increase 2% per annum.

Unless terminated by one of the parties, estimated future occupancy costs over the next five (5) years under the agreement are as follows:

2023	\$ 12,364
2024	12,611
2025	12,863
2026	13,120
2027	 13,382
	\$ 64,340

#### **10.FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### Credit risk

The Institute's financial assets, including accounts receivable, are not exposed to significant credit risk.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss arising from changes in interest rates. The Institute is exposed to changes in interest rates related to its investments. The Institute's primary objective is to ensure the security of principal amounts invested and provide for a high degree of liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory return.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Institute will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Liquidity risk also includes the risk of not being able to liquidate assets in a timely manner at a reasonable price. The Institute's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it has sufficient cash flows available to fund its operations and to meet its obligations when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. The Institute is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

#### Other

The Institute has no significant exposure to currency risk or other price risk.

